

# Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. IX.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 2ND, 1888.

No. 31.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

OTTAWA, May 25.

The transfer of Foster to the finance department is held to make the prospects brighter for C. H. Tupper's entry into the cabinet as minister of marine and fisheries.

OTTAWA, May 26.

It is believed that Mr. Royal will not take office as lieutenant-governor of the North-West until August. It is understood that members from the two western provinces and the North-West Territories have strongly urged the claim of their section to representation in the cabinet, and protest against a continuance of the system by which cabinet ministers are chosen principally from the older provinces. The claim is a reasonable one and must be felt before long.

OTTAWA, May 28.

At to-day's meeting of the cabinet C. H. Tupper was appointed minister of marine and fisheries. The appointment is looked upon most favorably.

A. P. Lowe of the geological survey staff, accompanied by assistants, leaves to-morrow for Hudson's Bay. They go by the C. P. R. to Winnipeg, thence by canoe to James Bay. To-day Senator McInnis and Messrs. Davin and Macdowell, M. P.'s had an interview with Sir John. The arrangements for building the Long Lake & Saskatchewan railway were discussed, and are progressing favorably.

OTTAWA, May 29.

The Long Lake railroad will go on and will probably reach Saskatoon this year. Mr. Macdowell leaves to-day for the west.

A proclamation will be issued in a few days cancelling the orders in council which originally brought the Scott act in force in counties where the act was recently repealed. This will permit the issue of licenses forthwith.

The mortgage contemplated by the agreement between the government and the C. P. R. for the abrogation of monopoly was approved by the council to-day and will be submitted to the shareholders at a meeting in Montreal to-morrow.

OTTAWA, May 30.

An order in council has been passed empowering the minister of customs to refund or remit to military tailors, or others importing clothing or material, arms or accoutrements for the officers or men of the mounted police the duty paid thereon, on production of evidence that the articles imported were solely for the use of the police.

WINNIPEG, May 25.

Another cyclone has just swept through Kansas and Texas. The town of Arizona was partially swept away and Brownsville, in Texas, damaged to the extent of \$123,000.

The Queen's birthday was celebrated here in the usual way. The day was a very favorable one for out-door sports and the lacrosse match, regatta and Selkirk picnic were all largely attended.

WINNIPEG, May 26.

Wm. Henderson's large flouring mill was burned yesterday in Toronto. Loss \$100,000.

Politicians throughout the country are preparing for the coming election and prospects are that there will be some very close contests. Norquay will contest Centre Winnipeg.

The Emperor Frederick, of Germany, is worse to-day and is obliged to remain in his bed room. Fresh inflammation has appeared around the wound in his throat. A later report says that the emperor has been in his study since 11 o'clock and appears a little better.

WINNIPEG, May 29.

Hon. Senator Ferrier died this morning after a short illness, aged 83.

Emperor Frederick was worse on the 28th and is compelled to remain in his bed room.

For the last few days terrific tornadoes have been sweeping over Nebraska, Virginia, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Texas, doing great damage to life and property.

The Allan mail steamer Sardinian arrived in tow of the steamer Norseman. She had the English mails and one thousand passengers. This is the second Allan steamer to come to port disabled.

The conservatives throughout the province are showing great activity and will meet the government with a solid front. C. S. Douglas has been nominated for Emerson. Hanna will contest Lansdowne.

A letter has been received in London from Major Bartlett, dated Zanzibar, October 28th. He states that some deserters from Stanley's camp reached Singait after a twenty days' journey and reported Stanley and his party all well.

The most terrible disaster known here for many years occurred on Saturday morning at the Hochelaga gasworks. A new gasometer was nearing completion and some twenty men were working at it. A safety lamp was taken inside the gas tank and instantly there was a terrible explosion. Four men were killed and three seriously injured.

WINNIPEG, May 30.

The race for the Derby to-day was won by Ayshire, owned by the Duke of Portland.

The H. B. Co. is paying no dividend this year, owing chiefly to the poor price obtained at fur sales.

About four thousand people witnessed the race this afternoon between Teemer and Gaudaur. Teemer won by two lengths and a half. It was termed by the experienced a put up job.

CALGARY, May 28.

The body of the late James H. McMurtry, drowned in the basin at the hot springs, was brought from Banff to Calgary this morning.

REGINA, May 30.

In conversation to-day Governor Dewdney said the writer in the Calgary Herald who is booming him for minister of interior evidently knew more about it than Dewdney himself does.

BATTLEFORD, June 2.

Weather fine and warm.

Crops never looked better.

Electioneering is in full force here. At a meeting last night Mr. Jas. Clinksill was nominated to contest the election against D. L. Cluk, who has been in the field for some time. No doubt there will be a bitter fight and considerable enmity over it.

John Lovell & Sons of Montreal write to the Free Press to say that in the Manitoba government printing done by them they dealt directly with the department of which Mr. Lariviere was the head and did not know the Times Co. in the transaction. That is, instead of the contract being let in the regular way and then sub-let by the Times to Lovell & Sons it was nominally let to the Times and actually to Lovell & Sons, and Mr. Lariviere pocketed the difference between the nominal and actual tender. This is what is called in the States "boodling," and for which men are sent to jail—when they have not enough of the boodle left with which to bribe the judge.

The Winnipeg Sun says that John Norquay will probably contest the new constituency of Kildonan at the forthcoming Manitoba elections, and be opposed by Duncan McArthur. Gilbert McMicken is likely to be the conservative candidate in South Winnipeg, Ald. Hutchings in Centre Winnipeg and either G. W. Crowe or D. S. Sprague in North Winnipeg. C. P. Brown will likely run again in Westbourne, Hon. J. E. P. Prendergast will likely run in Woodlands as a liberal and C. Coward as an independent. A. F. Martin, liberal M. P. P. for Morris will not run again.

A meeting of Irish land leagues held recently in Dublin to discuss the pope's rescript forbidding boycotting and the plan of campaign unanimously passed the following resolutions: "While unreservedly acknowledging the spiritual jurisdiction of the Holy See, we as guardians of those civil liberties which our Catholic forefathers resolutely defended, feel bound to solemnly reassert that the Irish Catholics can recognize no right of the Holy See to interfere with the Irish people in the management of their political affairs."

DR. BRETT, of the Banff sanitarium, was recently nominated by a meeting held in Banff as a candidate for the representation of Red Deer constituency in the North-West legislature. Robert Tapping of Banff has also announced his intention of becoming a candidate. Messrs. Smith and Mackenzie of Red Deer are also mentioned as prospective candidates.

A CANAL is to be cut to connect the head waters of the Columbia and Kootenay rivers by the Kootenay Valleys company. The expense is estimated at \$50,000.

R. STEVENSON announces himself as a candidate for the North-West legislature for Moosomin. He makes no announcement of his principles.

The Calgary Tribune publishes an item dated May 23rd, to the effect that the mines at Anthracite have closed down.

John Lineham is a Calgary candidate for the North-West legislature. Independent in politics.

The weather in Manitoba is reported to be so dry as to make growth very backward.

## LOCAL.

CROPS are looking well.

RAIN on Monday evening.

WEATHER warm, dry and windy.

R. SECORD left for the Landing on Tuesday.

H. S. YOUNG returned from Lac la Biche on Monday.

The Minnow is at Pitt waiting for her raft to catch up.

A. E. JOHNSTONE, forest ranger, left for the Landing this week.

RIVER began to rise on Sunday and the bars are now well under water.

LARGE quantities of freight are passing north this week for the H. B. Co.

CHIEF TRADER GAIRDNER has taken charge of the H. B. Co. post at Lac la Biche.

JOS. MACDONALD arrived from Calgary on Tuesday with freight for Brown & Curry.

J. PEACOCK has removed his saloon to the building lately occupied by W. S. Robertson.

SPRING was very backward at Lac la Biche. The ice remained in the lake until last week.

W. J. BUNCE arrived on Friday with freight for W. Johnstone Walker and E. Raymer & Co.

SIMS BOLTON, who was lately sent to Fort Saskatchewan, being insane, died last night at midnight.

THE Calgary Tribune of May 23rd mentions that 25 police started for Gleichen on that day by trail.

REV. MESSRS. SPENDLOVE and Robinson, of the Church of England, left for the north on Wednesday.

REV. MR. ROBINSON, Church of England missionary to Lesser Slave lake, arrived by Monday's stage.

THE telephone service has been extended to P. Daly & Co.'s new drug store and to Fraser & Co's mill.

MR. CARTER arrived from Calgary on Wednesday with one passenger, and fresh fruit for Lauder's bakery.

JOHN CAMERON has planted a row of spruce trees along the front of the grounds surrounding his residence.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER is about erecting a frame addition to his store 16x18, one story. Jas. Macdonald builder.

E. RAYMER has removed his jewellery and stationery store to the building opposite the BULLETIN office, Main street.

ALBERT S. WHITE, M. P. P. for King's Co., N. B., arrived on Wednesday evening from Calgary on a short business visit.

MR. AND MRS. F. D. WILSON left for Victoria on Tuesday, to reside. Mr. Wilson is in charge of the H. B. post at that place.

W. MCKAY, of the government telegraph service, left for Prince Albert on Thursday to superintend the renewal of the line from Clark's crossing to Prince Albert, which will be proceeded with this summer.

THE bridge on the White Mud river, eight miles below Victoria, on the Ft. Pitt trail was carried away by high water this spring.

H. S. YOUNG and P. Tate left for the Landing to-day. Mr. Tate goes to take charge of the H. B. boats at the Grand rapids of the Athabasca.

A. PRINCE, of Shaw & Prince, paid a visit to Lake St. Ann this week. The ice left the lake about two weeks ago, and crops are up and looking well.

A BRIDGE is being built on the small gully on Hardisty avenue, in rear of Norris & Carey's store, at the expense of the North-West government.

C. H. CONNOR, has retired from the law firm of Watson & Connor, and will practice on his own account, occupying the same office as the late firm.

R. SECORD, late in the employ of J. A. McDougall, is about starting a store at the Athabasca Landing. Two loads of freight went north for him on Tuesday.

JAS. McDONALD has commenced the erection of a frame building, for store and dwelling, 20x32, two stories high, on Jasper avenue, D. McDougall estate.

E. J. COLLINS has the contract of putting a number of bridges on the Calgary trail between Scarlett's and Red Deer, at the expense of the North-West government.

THE bridge on Blind river on the Calgary trail has not yet been replaced, and travel goes by way of Mackenzie's ferry on the Red Deer, below the mouth of Blind river.

DEBJARLAIN, a trader from Lesser Slave lake, arrived on Saturday last and purchased an outfit of goods to return with. He has about \$2,000 worth of furs on the way out.

In the case of aggravated assault by one Indian woman on another, mentioned last week, the injured woman is recovering slowly and the aggressor was fined \$10 and costs.

A DETACHMENT of police numbering fifteen men from Ft. Saskatchewan under Inspector Piercy left for Calgary on Thursday of last week, with transport. The cause of their removal has not been made public.

Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney recently told the Calgary Tribune that he expected the North-West elections to come off pretty soon, as the present council had no powers after the prorogation of parliament.

The Calgary town council has decided to ask the interior department to reserve two-thirds of township 36, range 1, and the whole of township 36, range 2, west of the 5th principal meridian, on the Red Deer at the Alberta mill site, for Icelandic immigration expected this fall.

STAGE arrived on Monday about 6 o'clock. Roads very bad especially from Scarlett's to Red Deer, owing to bad weather. There is more freight on the road now than ever before. The stage, owing to a breakage, did not get away from Calgary until Thursday evening—a day late.

WORK was commenced to-day clearing out and grading Kinsteno avenue, between the Sinclair and McLeod estates, running back from Main street to Rat creek. One hundred dollars has been appropriated for the purpose from North-West government funds and an equal amount has been put up by the proprietors of the estates.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### FRESH FRUIT.

Lemons and Oranges, Ice Cream and Ginger Ale, at

LAUDER'S BAKERY.

### EDMONTON & ST. ALBERT AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

A meeting of the above society is hereby called for

SATURDAY JUNE 23RD, AT 2 P. M., in the Edmonton School House.

GEO. S. LONG, President.

## TENDERS

Will be received addressed to the Indian Agent, Edmonton, up to

NOON JUNE 20TH INST.,

for the supplying of the following quantities of

BEEF,

(or any portion thereof) at reserves adjacent to

EDMONTON, .... 23,150 lbs.

PEACE HILLS, .... 34,714 "

SADDLE LAKE, .... 3,600 "

Terms of contract to be in accordance with those shown in the Schedule for Indian contract which can be seen at the Indian office. Deposit of 5 per cent. to accompany each tender.

E. DEWDNEY,

Indian Commissioner.

Edmonton, June 1st, 1888.

## WORK OXEN.

The undersigned has for sale five yoke of work oxen. May be seen at "Fairholme," East Edmonton. WM. FIELDS.

## NOTICE.

### EDMONTON CEMETERY COMPANY, (LIMITED).

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Edmonton Cemetery Company, (limited), will be held in the Court House, Edmonton, on

THURSDAY THE 19TH DAY OF JUNE

next, at the hour of 2 p. m., when the annual reports will be submitted and the Directors for the ensuing year elected, as well as other business transacted.

C. F. STRANG, Secy.-Treas.

Edmonton, May 21st, 1888.

FARM FOR SALE. Mile and a half from Edmonton, south side, 25 acres under cultivation. House, outbuildings and spring creek on the place. For particulars apply to D. McKINLAY, Edmonton, P. O.



**THE EDMONTON BULLETIN** is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, JUNE 2, 1888.

Two weeks ago the telegrams appearing in this paper contained an item to the effect that R. Watson, M. P. for Marquette, had stated in the house of commons that "the government had instituted a system of terrorism in the Territories. No one could obtain seed grain unless he avowed himself a supporter of the government." Remarking upon this statement the BULLETIN said that if Mr. Watson alluded to the seed distributed here this spring he stated what was false. A careful investigation of the official report of the debate which took place on the day the statement was said to have been made fails to reveal that Mr. Watson mentioned seed grain, here or elsewhere, during the whole course of his remarks. The report was evidently circulated with a view to injure Mr. Watson's reputation for veracity, which stands so much higher than that of many other members. In the debate Mr. Watson made some harsh statements regarding the use of undue influence in the elections of '87 in the North-West, but not an atom more than the facts warranted.

The Calgary Tribune mentions that during the past couple of weeks three self-nominated candidates for the Territorial legislature have been busily canvassing for votes in that locality. It says: "It is evident from the course pursued in the formulation of the bill creating the North-West legislature that there is no disposition on the part of the Dominion government to grant the Territories those provincial rights and privileges to which we are entitled, and if we ever acquire them they must be wrung from very unwilling hands. The securing of those rights and privileges is the great struggle that must be entered into. The people demand them, and the representatives they send to the legislature should be pledged to enter into the struggle with vigor and determination. The electors, before giving promises of their votes, would do well to await some intelligent pronouncement on public affairs by the candidates seeking their suffrages."

Two very important amendments to the new North-West government bill were introduced at the second reading, the one doing away with any residence qualification on the part of a candidate, which hitherto was a serious restriction on the choice of the electors; and the other amending the provision giving the lieutenant-governor a distinct control in financial matters by supplying him with an advisory committee from among the members of the council, of which he would be merely a member. This latter provision is of the highest importance, and alters the whole nature of the bill. The committee although nominally advisory is really executive, and if it does not give responsible government in name, provides the means by which responsibility in government may be secured. Responsible government is only such when its members are held responsible by the electors. When they are relieved from responsibility by the electors trusting blindly to them, responsible government does not exist in fact, although it may in name. The advisory committee constituted by the amendment mentioned, as explained by the premier, places the control of the Territorial finances, which is the key of the situation, in the hands of the people's representatives, and all that remains for them is to push that control to its proper conclusion. It is a little strange that at the very time Messrs. Macdowell and Perley were declaiming most strongly against the granting of responsible government to the Territories, the premier had an amendment prepared which granted in effect the very thing that they on behalf of their constituents objected to. It was evidently not the intention of the government when the bill was framed to make that amendment; it was evidently not done at the desire of Messrs. Macdowell or Perley, who spoke against the principle which it embodied, and as evidently not at that of Mr. Davis, who confined his remarks in his first and only speech to the advocacy of a license law. A few days before the debate on the second reading Mr. Davis gave notice that he would move an amendment providing for an executive council composed of members of the assembly. He did not speak in the debate nor did he move the amendment mentioned, but it is reasonable to suppose that it was his action, backed by the unanimous protest of the newspapers of the North-West that was the cause of the government altering its manifest and declared intention and going so far towards granting responsible government. Of course if Mr. Davis is entitled to credit in this matter he can be trusted not to hide his light under a bushel.

#### THE NEW RESERVE.

When the senate committee appointed to enquire into the value of the agricultural and other resources of the Mackenzie basin was engaged in its labors, under the chairmanship of Senator Schultz, and when the constantly accumulating mass of evidence pointed so conclusively to the existence of vast and varied natural riches distributed over an immense area of country, comparatively easy of access and only awaiting the magic touch of the railway to start all into productive and profitable life, it was taken for granted that the necessary result of the investigation would be the urging on of railway construction in that direction, with a view to making those riches available to the energy and enterprise of Canada that is now so largely attracted to foreign fields. After all the evidence has been adduced, after the most sanguine estimates of the value of the country have been surpassed by the absolute proofs, it is a surprise to hear that the chairman of the committee "would regret any attempt to colonize any portion of this vast region until the prairie region to the south and the province of Manitoba shall have a very much larger population than at present." That he "would feel averse to the granting of any considerable portion of this rich domain to aid new railways," and would "deprecate the granting of new railway charters at present with that end in view." It is a still greater surprise to hear from the leader of the government in the senate that "the country at present was absolutely a reserve. It was not available to settlers to be squatted upon, and was not in a condition to be acquired by them, or have any title by taking possession of any part of it. He was confident that before long the government would take the precaution of making this most important part of it (the petroleum area) in one sense a reserve, in which it would be impossible for any one to acquire a right, possessory or otherwise." The Toronto World taking up its parable says: "Our present purpose is rather to point out the importance of keeping the vast region referred to strictly as a national reserve, and of holding it as such for the good of the nation." These statements of the government policy with regard to the Mackenzie basin are all given with more or less authority, and are of a nature to call for the strongest possible protest from all men who desire to see the progress and prosperity of their country. That the government of any British colony should in this day and generation deliberately propose to keep locked up from outside enterprise such a large and valuable portion of its total area would be beyond belief were the proof not in black and white in the official records. And the reasons for so doing! The reasons are as propitious as the proposal. Because the C. P. R. belt of the North-West requires capital and labor to develop it the Mackenzie region must be kept closed from enterprise for fear of retarding that development. If that is not the reason given by Senator Schultz for his recommendation he has given none, and if it is the reason it is not one that will commend itself to the people of any part of the North-West.

Has the experience regarding land reservations in the North-West been such as to warrant the extension of the system on the gigantic scale proposed? If any one of the thousand and one reservations made in the the North-West since it came into the hands of the Canadian government had resulted in advantage to the district or the country, the individual or the government, something might perhaps be said for the making of another, as proposed; but it is a notorious fact that in every case the result has been to retard settlement, to baffle enterprise and to prevent the realization of that future upon which Canadian politicians so delight to dwell. Not only is the land actually reserved kept from being made productive, from directly increasing the wealth and indirectly adding to the population of the country, but the development of adjacent unreserved land is also retarded or prevented, of which fact the unsettled condition of the greater part of the North-West is to-day a standing proof. If Canada were surrounded by a wall so that capital and labor could neither come into nor go out of it, there might be a pos-

sibility of the government directing these forces to whatever portion of the country it pleased by declaring all other portions reserved. Fortunately—or whether fortunately or not—it is not so situated. Capital and labor flow in freely and flow out as freely. The amount of inflow and outflow respectively depends on the variety and value of the attractions which this country has to offer as compared with others. The more valuable and varied the opportunities offered for the investment of capital and the employment of labor, the greater will be the tendency for foreign enterprise to be attracted and for home enterprise to remain. The fewer and less varied the opportunities the less we may expect from foreign enterprise and the more we may expect home enterprise to seek foreign fields. Canada has not so many favorable opportunities for the employment of home or foreign enterprise, as compared with its rival to the south, that it can afford to cut off for an indefinite period those offered by the Mackenzie region. It is as though a man were to cut off an arm and expect an increase of vitality in his remaining members that would more than make up to him the loss of the one. The opening of the Mackenzie country by allowing it a railway outlet and giving private enterprise a full and fair opportunity throughout its vast extent would put new life into every part of the North-West and go far to placing Canada as a field for enterprise on at least an equal footing with the United States. Surely such an eminently progressive and intensely patriotic government as Canada now has will not deliberately, and after due consideration, take steps to prevent that result.

#### NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED.

MENS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FELT AND STRAW HATS

And the grandest display of

—: MILLINERY :—

that was ever brought in to Edmonton.

More goods on the way.

Take a look and see the stock.

JOHN A. McDOUGALL.

#### NEW GOODS.

ALBERTA

BOOT AND SHOE

HOUSE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

STEWART & BANNERMAN.

A. MACDONALD & CO.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

First arrivals of Spring Goods, consisting of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

SIDE, SPICED ROLL and

BREAKFAST BACON,

CANNED GOODS and

GENERAL GROCERIES, Etc.

To ARRIVE NEXT WEEK,

a full line of Clothing,

HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Prices lower than ever.

Call and examine.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

#### ARRIVED TO-DAY

EVAPORATED APRICOTS,

LARD, BACON, HAMS,

FLOUR, BUTTER, OAT MEAL,

CORN MEAL, MACKEREL,

LABRADOR HERRINGS,

MATCHES.

Syrup in Kegs, Pails and Barrels.

Also a large stock of Summer Hats, &c., &c.

BROWN & CURRY.



## TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

The reading of the bill regarding local government for the North-West was moved in the house of commons by Sir John A. Macdonald on May 16th.

The mover said that the schedule of 22 constituencies attached to the bill was framed after consultation with the North-West members, and the term had been extended to three years also after consultation with them. The true theory of territorial government as adopted in Canada and the States was that as long as considerable assistance was needed from the central power responsible local government would be premature. But an amendment to the act would provide for the selection by the lieutenant-governor of three persons from the elected members who would advise in all matters of finance, and no message regarding finance could go to the legislature from the lieutenant-governor without the consent of this advisory committee. The lieutenant-governor would have a vote on the committee, and also a casting vote in case of a tie. The desire was to leave the representatives of the people to suggest such amendments or improvements in the system as their experience may dictate. This was one reason for no provision being made for vote by ballot, and another was the extra expense which a vote by ballot would entail. Regarding the proposed appointment of legal experts, hitherto there had been no legal men elected to the council, and the chances were that there would be none elected. A law clerk to draft bills had been proposed but too high a salary would be needed for a competent man. It was proposed that Judges Richardson, MacLeod and Rouleau should be the three legal experts. Their appointment would only last during the term of the legislature for which they were appointed.

Mr. Laurier did not think the measure sufficiently progressive. Under it the mover had intimated that the Ottawa government would govern the Territories by the agency of the lieutenant-governor who is an officer appointed by them and responsible only to them. Such a plan had been tried in the old provinces of Canada and had never been found satisfactory. There was proof that the Territories desired responsible government in the memorial of the North-West council, laid on the table by the premier himself. He feared the use of undue influence in the first elections which were not to be by ballot.

Sir Richard Cartwright asked concerning the revenues to be placed at the disposal of the territorial legislature. The charges on the federal treasury for expenses of government in the North-West are \$102,000 for the present year and \$142,000 for the coming year.

Sir John A. Macdonald replied that the revenues at the disposal of the legislature would be very small, chiefly derived from fees from permits, and licenses of various kinds. The members of the legislature have been paid from the federal treasury, as also the main improvements such as bridges, roads etc. The amount of the grant has been increased from year to year owing to the increase of population, and would have to be still further increased in the future on the same account. Regarding the vote of \$140,000, "Of course the vote is here and the responsibility is here, and that money will be appropriated on the responsibility of the general government." It might be that some thing like a subsidy or a grant for general purposes should be given to the local legislature. "I am not at all sure, inasmuch as these people contribute to the revenue by consuming dutiable goods, that there ought not to be a sum placed at their disposal to be used at their discretion, in the same way as the subsidies which are granted to the various provinces may be dealt with by the provincial governments. However we do not propose to ask parliament for a vote this session for that purpose." "Hitherto the North-West has had a hybrid constitution, partly nominated and partly elected. That kind of government has always failed in the long run, and now that we propose to have a purely elective body it has been thought better as a matter of caution and prudence to allow them to assume the responsibility of making the suggestions for the future development of their constitutional system." The legislature will have the power of direct taxation.

Mr. Macdowell supported the bill, excepting the clause relating to the prohibition of intoxicants.

Mr. Perley said that when the North-West council petitioned for responsible government the people of the North-West were opposed to it, and are so still, on the grounds of expense. The present system, with slight amendments, would suit the people up there best. He hoped that a vote would be taken for and against prohibition at the time the territorial elections were held.

Mr. Watson said the North-West council had asked for responsible government and for vote by ballot, and their demands should be listened to. In no part of Canada was undue influence brought to bear in a greater degree than in the North-West. At the late federal elections in a part of the territory

which he visited people had told him that unless they accepted the government candidate they would not have a chance to get a second homestead, nor an extension of time for paying for their pre-emptions.

Mr. Perley said: "Through all my campaign I never heard such a threat used or insinuation made. I do not believe one word of it."

Mr. Watson: "I know those arguments were made." He then read a copy of a letter from W. V. Macleise of Prince Albert, written to intimidate claimants for rebellion losses into voting for the government candidate in Saskatchewan. This showed the necessity of a ballot vote. The people of the North-West could secure representatives to their local legislature fully able to control public affairs and to advise the lieutenant-governor as to how the money should be spent. It was in the interests of the North-West that parliament should grant a sum of money to the Territories of equal rate to that granted the provinces, and thus give them the full powers of a local legislature. An amendment by Mr. Watson in favor of the ballot was voted down by 63 to 35.

In reply to a question as to residence qualification of candidates Sir John Macdonald said: "I will amend the clause so as to make it run—Any British subject by birth or naturalization, shall be eligible for nomination or election."

A proposal was made to reduce the deposit money to \$50, but was not acceded to. Perley supported the reduction.

The clause providing for an advisory board in financial matters is numbered 11 and reads: "The government shall select from among the elected members of the legislative assembly, four persons to act as an advisory council in matters of finance, who shall severally hold office during pleasure; and the lieutenant-governor shall preside at all sittings of such advisory council and have a right to vote as a member thereof, and shall have also a casting vote in case of a tie."

Sir John A. Macdonald said on this point: "It is supposed that the lieutenant-governor will be anxious not to come into collision with the legislative body over which he presides—It is of very great importance that the governor in council should be in accord with his advisory council. If this advisory council in their recommendations in matters of finance does not meet the views of the legislative assembly, the assembly has the best means in the world of expressing their ideas that it is not a proper advisory council, by simply refusing to assent to the financial propositions made."

Mr. Macdowell spoke in opposition to Mr. Watson. He contradicted the assertion that the people of the North-West desired responsible government or that a ballot vote was necessary to secure a pure election. He disclaimed any connection with the letter of Macleise, read by Watson. On the liquor question he said: "I hope soon to see the liquor law amended. I should like to move an amendment to this bill, but I am afraid in the present temper of the house I should not meet very much success. I would therefore say that when the new North-West council are elected I trust they will advocate the placing of the settlement of this question in the hands of the people of the North-West."

Mr. Davis, of Alberta, would like to see a \$1,000 license law in the North-West.

Sir John A. Macdonald said that the present prohibitory system was unsatisfactory, and that the permit system which was absolutely necessary, to a certain extent, ought to be amended. He did not think, however, that a vote should be taken on the prohibition system at the same time as the vote for the election of members to the local legislature. He thought that the two subjects, the one referring to politics and the other to morals should be kept separate. When the North-West assembly met it would be its duty to consider that question, as well as others affecting the interests of the Territories. "Therefore I have abstained from dealing with that subject until we have received something like an authoritative statement of what the wishes of the representatives of the people, to be elected under this law, are."

Mr. Perley asked: "Will the recommendation of the council with respect to the liquor question be acted upon by the government in another year?"

Sir John A. Macdonald said: "It depends upon what that recommendation is. The legislation of that body will be laid before parliament at its next session, whenever they may pass any laws on that or any other subject, and the action of this house upon it will be invited."

Jas. McMurtry, a Calgary merchant, was recently drowned in "The Basin," one of the Banff hot springs, about forty feet in diameter and nine feet in depth. His two companions went into the water first. He followed, taking a "header," and never rose to the surface. The body was taken out in a very short time but life was extinct. It is said that deceased was affected with nervous paralysis and that the shock to the system on his entering the water caused his death. A coroner's inquest was held.

## JUST ARRIVED.

A most Choice Assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods.

More to arrive in a few days.

Now on hand, the most magnificent assortment of the above that has ever been offered the Edmonton public, comprising Ladies' Hats and Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed, Feathers, Mounts, Flowers, Hat Ornaments, Ribbons, Gloves and Laces, Etc. Also Gents' White Dress and Regatta Shirts, Merino Undershirts and Drawers, Silk Scarfs, Ties, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Straw Hats, and some fine pieces of Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Serges, Coatings, Etc., Etc.

PRICES AWAY DOWN.

Terms Strictly Cash.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.  
Direct Importer of English Goods.

## BLUESTONE.

TIMOTHY SEED,

TURNIP SEED,

ONION SEED,

GARDEN SEED,

— FULL STOCK AT: —

PHIL. DALY & CO.'S DRUG STORE.

## TO PASSENGERS AND SHIPPERS.

THE STEAMER "NORTH-WEST,"

Capt. James Sheets, will leave Edmonton for Grand Rapids on or about the 7th July, making through connection by Lake Steamer

— FOR WINNIPEG. —

For further particulars apply on board, or to  
H. SWINFORD,  
Secretary.

Winnipeg, April 21st, 1888.

## NORRIS & CAREY,

JOBBERS

— AND —

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

## \$50 REWARD.

I will pay the above reward to any one who will give such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party who set fire about one mile south of the Hell-broke post office on Sunday 6th of May, 1888.

J. E. AYLWIN.

## SASKATCHEWAN R. C. SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 2.

Notice is hereby given that if all taxes and arrears due this district are not paid to the treasurer, T. Lamoureux, before June 1st, '88, the lands thus liable will be sold.

By order of the board of trustees.  
L. O. LAMOUREUX,  
Secretary.

## RIFLE ASSOCIATION MEETING.

A Match will be held at 10 a. m. on the range on Thursday the 24th May (Queen's Birthday); preliminaries to be arranged on the ground.

C. F. STRANG, Secretary.

## W. ANDERSON,

Being about to leave Edmonton, offers, cheap, by private sale at his residence, the following household furniture and effects: Brussels Carpet, Hair Mattress, Hall Coal Stove, Sewing Machine, Pictures, Crockery, Etc., Etc.

## MILLINERY.

A few of those stylish

WHITE AND BLACK STRAWS.

left yet.

Black and white silk lace 40 inches wide at  
JAMES MARTIN'S.

## EDMONTON RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

Members holding rifles from the association will either renew their subscriptions for the present year or return rifle at once to  
C. F. STRANG, Secretary.

## PAT ARNOLD,

THOROUGHbred TROTting HORSE.

Took the route this season on May 14th.  
For particulars see posters.  
W. H. UNDERWOOD.

## FARMERS, IMPROVE YOUR STOCK!

The Celebrated Stallion

— CHAMPION —

will commence his first round, season of 1888, on May 14th. The route will be made known after that date.

ROBERT VANCE,  
Proprietor.

## WANTED, POTATOES.

In large or small quantities. Apply stating price to

INDIAN AGENT,

Post Office, Edmonton.

11th May, 1888.

J. WALTER, Carriage Maker and Boat Builder, Ft. Edmonton ferry landing, south side.

Just arrived a large stock of Hickory and Oak plank and boards, all sizes. Wagon Tongues, Buggy Tongues, Buggy Shafts, Buggy and Wagon Spokes, Felloes and Wheels, Whistle Trees and Neck Yokes, Seat Springs, etc.

Four new boats, medium size, now on hand.

## ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE

making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

## BALLENTYNE YATES,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST,

Studio temporarily at T. B. Henderson's, Main street. Photographs, Groups, Views, etc. Also Gem Tintypes delivered finished in first-class style in thirty minutes. A large stock of first-class material just arrived. Now is your time to leave your orders for a real good Card, Cabinet, Group or Tintype. Good workmanship guaranteed at moderate prices.

## THRESHING MACHINES.

THE NEW MODEL,

33 and 36 inch Cylinder. Will thresh more grain of any kind, and cleaner, with less waste, than any Machine in the market. The New Model is the best Machine to be had for Flax.

HALL THRESHING MACHINES,

22 and 26 inch Cylinder. Though this Machine has been before the farmers of Canada and the United States for fifty years, it is still the Favorite Machine where Horse-Power is the motive power to drive it.

OHAWA 12 HORSE PORTABLE ENGINES,

with Spark Arresters, Dazell Steel and Wilson's Steel Tubes in the Boilers, the best Steel and the best Tubes in the world, ensuring absolute safety to all who look after their Engines.

PITTS 10 HORSE DOWN POWERS.

WOODBURY 12 HORSE MOUNTED POWERS.

PLANET 10 HORSE DOWN POWER,

all of Iron, safe to leave out in all weather.

CALIFORNIA 12 HORSE DOWN POWER,

all of Iron, safe to leave out in all weather.

In quality of material, good workmanship and finish, these Machines cannot be excelled. Repairs and parts of Machines at all times on hand.

JOSEPH HALL MACHINE WORKS, OHAWA.  
JOHN LIVINGSTONE, Trustee.



## EDMONTON PUBLICSCHOOL.

Names of the best pupils for the month of May.

STANDARD VI.—Percy Henderson, Mary Ross.

STANDARD V.—Alex. McCauley, Nettie Henderson, Annie Robertson, Jas. McKernan.

STANDARD IV.—Jno. Cameron, Kate McDonald, Walter Henderson, Wm. Rowland.

STANDARD III.—James Ross, H. Cameron, Maggie Hardisty, Annie Lauder.

STANDARD II.—Maggie Young, Fannie Verrey, Maggie McCauley and Kate Very equal.

STANDARD II, Jr.—Harry Gray, Norman Lauder.

PART II.—P. Hardisty, Wm. Young.

PART I.—Maggie Henderson, Wm. Young.

Average daily attendance for month 56. Number on roll, girls 38, boys 33.

JAMES MARTIN, Teacher.

## SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES.

The supplementary estimates for the year ending June 30th, '89, contain the following items of interest to the North-West: To pay a pension of \$400 per annum to Mrs. Gowanlock, from the date of her husband's death 1st April '85 to 30th June '89, \$1,700. Battleford land and registry office, to complete vault, etc., \$2,500. Residence of lieutenant-governor of North-West Territories, Regina, \$15,000. Lieutenant-governor's residence, Regina—repairs, \$5,000. Calgary court house, jail, registry offices, etc., \$10,000. Crown lands and timber agents' offices at Regina, Prince Albert and Edmonton, \$15,000. North-West mounted police buildings, \$100,000. Court house, look-up and police accommodation at Moosomin, Wolsley, Maple Creek and Medicine Hat, \$10,000. Fort MacLeod—storehouse for use of collector of customs and inspector of ranches, \$1,000. General repairs and improvements to harbors and rivers, North-West Territories, \$4,000. New telegraph station at Saddle Lake, on the Qu'Appelle-Edmonton line, \$600. Telephone line to connect the police headquarters with the Banff telephone exchange, \$650. A grant in aid of the hospital at St. Albert's mission, at which Indians frequently receive treatment, \$200. To provide salary for the teacher of an Indian school at Isle a la Crosse, \$300. An additional grant of \$30 per head for each of fifty pupils at the St. Albert's institution, \$1,500. To provide salary for Mr. J. A. Macrae, inspector of Protestant schools in the North-West Territories, appointed by order in council on the 27th October, 1887, \$1,200; and for Mr. A. Betournay, inspector of Roman Catholic schools in the North-West Territories, appointed by order in council of 22nd December, 1887, \$1,200 and to provide a sum to cover their expenses when travelling on visits of inspection, \$1,000. To aid in the maintenance of forty pupils, at \$30 each, at the boarding school recently opened under the auspices of the Presbyterian church, on land adjoining Muscowepetung's reserve, \$1,200. A grant of \$50 for each of ten pupils at a boarding school on Gordon's reserve, \$500; and a similar sum for a like number at a boarding school on Muscowequahn's reserve, \$500; the estimated cost of 486 iron posts to mark the boundaries of Indian reserves in the North-West Territories, \$1,361. To provide salary for a furnace man, who will act also as night watchman at the Qu'Appelle industrial school, \$500—less the wages of a laborer, now employed, whose service will then be dispensed with, \$200—\$300. To provide salary for a teacher of a Roman Catholic school on Enoch's reserve, in the Edmonton agency, \$300. To provide for payment to H. G. Baldwin, M. D., of his account for medical attendance on pupils in the Battleford industrial school from October, 1886 to May, 1887, a period during which the services of no other practitioner were available, \$160. A grant to assist the Methodist missionary society to build a school house on the Blood reserve, \$400. To enable the department to purchase a mower and horse rake for the Stoney chief, Louis Bull, \$140. To provide for payment of P. Ayley, M. D., as compensation for six months' attendance on Indians of the Battleford agency, from September 1887 to March 1888, \$175. To provide for the payment to Gordon Quick for land required for mounted police purposes at Maple Creek, \$1,200. To provide for the payment to ex-inspector Dowling of a retiring gratuity equal to seven months' pay, \$683.33. Additional amount required for telegraph lines, North-West Territories, \$1,000; for purchase of horses to replace old worn out animals, \$1,000.

A memorial from the chief land owners in the Highlands and Islands of Scotland has been presented to the British government declaring the condition of the crofters to be pitiable in the extreme, the chief cause being natural increase of population, and pointing out that emigration is the only remedy, for which state aid is necessary.

Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney has purchased a building site on the Barwis estate, north side of the Bow river, Calgary.

Calgary will celebrate the 1st of July to the extent of about \$1,000.

AMERICA, a new literary and critical weekly has been started in Chicago the first number appearing on April 7th. It is "devoted to the advancement of distinctively American ideas, and the strengthening and preserving of American institutions." The first number contains contributions from many of the leading writers in the States: James Russell Lowell, Chas. Dudley Warner, Frank R. Stockton, Julian Hawthorne, W. Clark Russell, Seth Low and others. Its style is bright, honest and vigorous. Editorially it says: "The necessity of the hour is conservatism in thought and action, and it is only through a conservatism of this kind that the needed reforms can be brought about. True conservatism means liberality to the extent of the recognition and reform of existing evils," and in pointing out these evils it is unsparing. Its leading contribution by Seth Low points out three present dangers to the republic. One, the as yet impenetrable ignorance of the blacks of the south; another the equally impenetrable political ignorance of the late importations of foreigners in the north; and a third the combinations of capital and labor respectively as against the general public, a result of extra intelligence, greed and lack of principle on the part of native Americans. The remedy proposed in all three cases is to stick to the spirit of the constitution in the belief that in that lies the cure. The subscription price of America is \$3.50 a year.

The Scottish-American, of New York, has been giving its views on the question of breaking up the Scottish deer forests for the benefit of crofters. It asserts that these forests are uniformly barren and unfit to support population, and that the Highland agitators are now becoming alarmed lest they shall be taken at their word and the forests given to the people, when they would lose more by the withdrawal of the expenditures of sportsmen than they would gain from the cultivation of the land. The Scottish Highlander of Inverness contradicts the statement that the forests are uniformly barren, and gives a list of some twenty-five or thirty prominent politicians, army officers and ministers, born within the memory of man in one small valley, Glencannich, in the centre of what is now Winan's deer forest. The only present inhabitant of the valley is one game keeper.

About 100 farmers from Scotland and the north of England sailed from Glasgow the first week in May, bound for the lands of the Commercial Colonization company in Manitoba.

## METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Saturday morning, June 2nd, 1888. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max.	Min.
Saturday,	70	
Sunday,	81	44
Monday,	66	45
Tuesday,	80	40
Wednesday,	63	35
Thursday,	74	35
Friday,	78	45
Saturday		51

Barometer rising, 27.725.  
Average of wind for week 7.8 miles per hour.

## YOUNG VALENTINE,

## TROTTER HORSE,

Will take the following route this season:

MONDAY—Noon at L'Hirondelle Bros., west end of Big lake. Night at his own stable, Maloney Bros., St. Albert.

TUESDAY—Night at Geo. Long's, Sturgeon river, and remain all night.

WEDNESDAY—Noon at P. T. Flynn's, Sturgeon river. Night at Ft. Saskatchewan.

THURSDAY—Noon at Jas. Price's Little Mountain. Night at J. F. Smith's stable, Edmonton.

FRIDAY—Noon at Jas. Inkster's, South Side. Night at South Edmonton.

SATURDAY—Will proceed to his own stable and remain until Monday morning.

Terms, \$6, \$10 and \$12.

## YOUNG OAK BRANCH,

CLYDESDALE,  
Just imported.

Will be kept for service at Maloney Bros., St. Albert.

Insurance \$15.

## TAM O'SHANTER,

CLYDESDALE,

will be kept for service at P. T. Flynn's place Sturgeon river, and Maloney Bros., St. Albert, alternately, during the season.

Insurance \$10.

GEO. HUTTON,  
Proprietor.

## CHURCHES.

ST. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH, Edmonton.—Mass at 10:30 a.m. every Sunday, Sermon in English, French and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA.  
Rev. G. H. Long, Pastor. Hours of services. Edmonton, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. every Sabbath. Sabbath school 2:30 p. m. Sturgeon river: April 29, May 13 and 27; June 10th and 24th, at 3 p. m. Clover Bar: April 22nd, May 20th, June 17th, at the house of Mr. Daly at 3 p. m.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—All Saints' Sunday school at 10, divine service at 11. Lower Settlement, Sunday school and service at 3. Hermitage, S. S. at 5, service at 6. Fort Saskatchewan, service second Sunday in each month at 11. Holy communion at All Saints' 1st Sunday in the month, and at the Hermitage every Friday morning at 9.

EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.  
—Pastor, the Rev. D. G. McQueen, B. A. Sabbath services: Edmonton 11 a.m. (except April 15th and May 13th), and 7 p. m. Belmont, 2:30 p. m., April 15th, 28th, May 13th, 27th. Sturgeon, 3 p. m., April 22nd, May 20th. Clover Bar, 3 p. m., April 8th, May 6th. Ft. Saskatchewan, 10 a. m., April 15th, May 13th.

## EDMONTON STATIONERY & JEWELRY STORE.

All the Leading American Watches in stock

BOOKS, WRITING MATERIAL, ETC.

E. RAYMER & CO.

Watches and Jewelry promptly repaired.

A complete stock of  
B. LAURENCE'S SPKX.

## BANKING.

L AFFERTY & SMITH,  
BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.  
EDMONTON, REGINA, MOOSOMIN AND CALGARY.  
P. G. GRAY, Manager.

P. DALY,  
BANKER,  
Drafts issued and collections made.  
Office, P. Daly & Co's. Drug Store, Edmonton.

GRIP,  
Canada's Comic Paper,  
—J. W. BENGOUGH,—  
Artist and Editor.  
ISSUED WEEKLY.  
\$2.00 a Year; \$1.00 for Six Months.

GRIP is increasing in interest and popularity every year. It is a supreme household favorite, while every Politician, Professional and Business Man enjoys the clever hits which appear in every issue. SUBSCRIBE NOW.

See our premium and Clubbing List. Circulars giving full particulars sent free.

Look out for Grip's Comic Almanac for 1888. Price 10 cents. Address

GRIP PUBLISHING CO.,  
Toronto, Ont.

## LONDON ILLUSTRATED NEWS.

The best weekly illustrated paper in the world.

Every issue an artistic and literary treat. To those interested in British affairs, political, literary or social, it offers the information they require at a cheaper rate, a less expenditure of time and with greater assurance of impartiality and accuracy than any other publication.

The American edition, in every way the exact copy of the original English edition, will be furnished to paid-in-advance subscribers to the BULLETIN at \$3.50 per year. Ten dollars will pay two new yearly subscriptions to the BULLETIN and the News.

## NOTICE TO TEACHERS IN N.W.T.

The next examination of Candidates for Teachers' certificates will begin on 7th August, 1888.

Intending candidates should at once communicate with the inspectors of their districts.

JAMES BROWN,  
Secretary Board of Education.  
Regina, 19th April, 1888.

## PROFESSIONAL

C. H. CONNOR, Advocate, Notary, Public, Etc. Office, Main street, first building west of the post office, Edmonton, Alta.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta; Office, Main Street, Edmonton, between Stewart & Bannerman's and Ross Bros. stores.

DR. J. H. TOFIELD,  
St. George's Hospital, London,  
Temporary residence and consulting room, second log house east of Mr. Cameron's store.

J. U. PRIEUR,  
BARRISTER, AVOCAT, ETC.,  
ST. ALBERT.

H. C. WILSON, M. D.,  
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.  
Office next Daly's Drug Store. Consultation hours:—3 to 5 p. m.

SHAW & PRINCE,  
BARRISTERS, AVOCATS,  
ADVOCATES, SOLICITEURS,  
ETC.,  
Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.  
CHARLES L. SHAW. ANTONIO PRINCE.

## HOTELS.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

HOTEL DU CANADA, Edmonton, south side of Main street. First class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. Good feed stable in connection. J. S. EDMONTON, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

ALBERTA HOTEL.—North side Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.

This well known establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The cuisine is under the management of Mr. F. Pagerie, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests.  
L. KELLY, Proprietor.

## BUSINESS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES may be obtained at THE HERMITAGE.

P. BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horseshoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLES. Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. M. McCAULEY, Main Street, Edmonton.

J. F. SMITH.—LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE. Adjoining Hotel du Canada, Main street, Edmonton. Oats and feed constantly on hand. Good drivers to let at any hour.

GEO. P. SANDERSON,  
GENERAL BLACKSMITH.  
HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.  
Shop in rear of A. Macdonald & Co's store.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st. Edmonton.

A. F. DEGAGNE, Carpenter and Contractor. Plans and Specifications furnished. Mill-wright work a speciality. Doors and Sash on hand.  
Victoria Avenue, next Registry Office, Edmonton, Alberta.

## A SOCIETY OF LADIES

Has been formed in aid of the Church of England, calling themselves "The Willing Workers." Orders may be left at the residence of the President, Mrs. F. Wilson for plain and fancy needlework.